	(Original Signature of Member)
117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION  H. R.	•
To provide for congressional approval of and for other p	
IN THE HOUSE OF R	EPRESENTATIVES
Mr. Roy introduced the following bill; who on	
A BI	LL
To provide for congressional app declarations, and for	
1 Be it enacted by the Sen	ate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of Ar	merica in Congress assembled,

This Act may be cited as the "Assuring that Robust,

Thorough, and Informed Congressional Leadership is Ex-

ercised Over National Emergencies Act" or the "ARTI-

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7 CLE ONE Act".

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

1	SEC. 2. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO DECLARATION AND
2	RENEWAL OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.
3	Section 201 of the National Emergencies Act (50
4	U.S.C. 1621) is amended to read as follows:
5	"SEC. 201. DECLARATIONS AND RENEWALS OF NATIONAL
6	EMERGENCIES.
7	"(a) Authority To Declare National Emer-
8	GENCIES.—With respect to Acts of Congress authorizing
9	the exercise, during the period of a national emergency,
10	of any special or extraordinary power, the President is au-
11	thorized to declare such a national emergency by procla-
12	mation. Such proclamation shall immediately be trans-
13	mitted to Congress and published in the Federal Register.
14	"(b) Specification of Provisions of Law To Be
15	Exercised.—No powers or authorities made available by
16	statute for use during the period of a national emergency
17	shall be exercised unless and until the President specifies
18	the provisions of law under which the President proposes
19	that the President or other officers will act in—
20	"(1) a proclamation declaring a national emer-
21	gency under subsection (a); or
22	"(2) one or more Executive orders relating to
23	the emergency published in the Federal Register and
24	transmitted to Congress.
25	"(c) Temporary Effective Periods.—

1	"(1) In general.—A declaration of a national
2	emergency under subsection (a) shall last for 30
3	days from the issuance of the proclamation (not
4	counting the day on which the proclamation was
5	issued) and shall terminate when that 30-day period
6	expires unless there is enacted into law a joint reso-
7	lution of approval under section 203 with respect to
8	the proclamation.
9	"(2) Exercise of Powers and Authori-
10	TIES.—Any power or authority made available under
11	a provision of law described in subsection (a) and
12	specified pursuant to subsection (b) may be exer-
13	cised for 30 days from the issuance of the proclama-
14	tion or Executive order (not counting the day on
15	which such proclamation or Executive order was
16	issued). That power or authority cannot be exercised
17	once that 30-day period expires, unless there is en-
18	acted into law a joint resolution of approval under
19	section 203 approving—
20	"(A) the proclamation of the national
21	emergency or the Executive order; and
22	"(B) the exercise of the power or authority
23	specified by the President in such proclamation
24	or Executive order.

1	"(3) Exception if congress is unable to
2	CONVENE.—If Congress is physically unable to con-
3	vene as a result of an armed attack upon the United
4	States or another national emergency, the 30-day
5	periods described in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall
6	begin on the first day Congress convenes for the
7	first time after the attack or other emergency.
8	"(d) Renewal of National Emergencies.—A na-
9	tional emergency declared by the President under sub-
10	section (a) or previously renewed under this subsection,
11	and not already terminated pursuant to subsection (c) or
12	section 202(a), shall terminate on the date that is one year
13	after the President transmitted to Congress the proclama-
14	tion declaring the emergency under subsection (a) or Con-
15	gress approved a previous renewal pursuant to this sub-
16	section, unless—
17	"(1) the President publishes in the Federal
18	Register and transmits to Congress an Executive
19	order renewing the emergency; and
20	"(2) there is enacted into law a joint resolution
21	of approval renewing the emergency pursuant to sec-
22	tion 203 before the termination of the emergency or
23	previous renewal of the emergency.
24	"(e) Effect of Future Laws.—No law enacted
25	after the date of the enactment of this Act shall supersede

1	this title unless it does so in specific terms, referring to
2	this title, and declaring that the new law supersedes the
3	provisions of this title.".
4	SEC. 3. TERMINATION OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.
5	Section 202 of the National Emergencies Act (50
6	U.S.C. 1622) is amended to read as follows:
7	"SEC. 202. TERMINATION OF NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.
8	"(a) In General.—Any national emergency declared
9	by the President under section 201(a) shall terminate on
10	the earliest of—
11	"(1) the date provided for in section 201(c);
12	"(2) the date on which Congress, by statute,
13	terminates the emergency;
14	"(3) the date on which the President issues a
15	proclamation terminating the emergency; or
16	"(4) the date provided for in section 201(d).
17	"(b) Effect of Termination.—
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Effective on the date of the
19	termination of a national emergency under sub-
20	section (a)—
21	"(A) except as provided by paragraph (2),
22	any powers or authorities exercised by reason of
23	the emergency shall cease to be exercised;
24	"(B) any amounts reprogrammed or trans-
25	ferred under any provision of law with respect

1	to the emergency that remain unobligated on
2	that date shall be returned and made available
3	for the purpose for which such amounts were
4	appropriated; and
5	"(C) any contracts entered into under any
6	provision of law for construction relating to the
7	emergency shall be terminated unless construc-
8	tion commenced under the contract before that
9	date.
10	"(2) Savings provision.—Except as specifi-
11	cally provided in subparagraph (B) or (C) of para-
12	graph (1), the termination of a national emergency
13	shall not affect—
14	"(A) any action taken or proceeding pend-
15	ing not finally concluded or determined on the
16	date of the termination under subsection (a);
17	"(B) any action or proceeding based on
18	any act committed prior to that date; or
19	"(C) any rights or duties that matured or
20	penalties that were incurred prior to that
21	date.".

1	SEC. 4. REVIEW BY CONGRESS OF NATIONAL EMER-
2	GENCIES.
3	Title II of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C.
4	1621 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"SEC. 203. REVIEW BY CONGRESS OF NATIONAL EMER-
7	GENCIES.
8	"(a) Joint Resolutions of Approval.—
9	"(1) Joint resolution of approval de-
10	FINED.—For purposes of this section, the term
11	'joint resolution of approval' means a joint resolution
12	that contains only the following provisions after its
13	resolving clause:
14	"(A) A provision approving—
15	"(i) a proclamation of a national
16	emergency made under section 201(a);
17	"(ii) an Executive order issued under
18	section $201(b)(2)$ ; or
19	"(iii) an Executive order issued under
20	section 201(d).
21	"(B) A provision approving a list of all or
22	a portion of the provisions of law specified by
23	the President under section 201(b) in the proc-
24	lamation or Executive order that is the subject
25	of the joint resolution.

1	"(2) Procedures for consideration of
2	JOINT RESOLUTIONS OF APPROVAL.—
3	"(A) Introduction.—After the President
4	transmits to Congress a proclamation declaring
5	a national emergency under section 201(a), or
6	an Executive order renewing an emergency
7	under section 201(d) or specifying emergency
8	powers or authorities under section 201(b)(2), a
9	joint resolution of approval may be introduced
10	in either House of Congress by any member of
11	that House.
12	"(B) Requests to convene congress
13	DURING RECESSES.—If, when the President
14	transmits to Congress a proclamation declaring
15	a national emergency under section 201(a), or
16	an Executive order renewing an emergency
17	under section 201(d) or specifying emergency
18	powers or authorities under section 201(b)(2),
19	Congress has adjourned sine die or has ad-
20	journed for any period in excess of 3 calendar
21	days, the Speaker of the House of Representa-
22	tives and the President pro tempore of the Sen-
23	ate, if they deem it advisable (or if petitioned
24	by at least one-third of the membership of their
25	respective Houses) shall jointly request the

1	President to convene Congress in order that it
2	may consider the proclamation or Executive
3	order and take appropriate action pursuant to
4	this section.
5	"(C) Committee referral.—A joint res-
6	olution of approval shall be referred in each
7	House of Congress to the committee or commit-
8	tees having jurisdiction over the emergency au-
9	thorities invoked by the proclamation or Execu-
10	tive order that is the subject of the joint resolu-
11	tion.
12	"(D) Consideration in Senate.—In the
13	Senate, the following shall apply:
14	"(i) Reporting and discharge.—If
15	the committee to which a joint resolution
16	of approval has been referred has not re-
17	ported it at the end of 10 calendar days
18	after its introduction, that committee shall
19	be automatically discharged from further
20	consideration of the resolution and it shall
21	be placed on the calendar.
22	"(ii) Proceeding to consider-
23	ATION.—Notwithstanding Rule XXII of
24	the Standing Rules of the Senate, when
25	the committee to which a joint resolution

1	of approval is referred has reported the
2	resolution, or when that committee is dis-
3	charged under clause (i) from further con-
4	sideration of the resolution, it is at any
5	time thereafter in order (even though a
6	previous motion to the same effect has
7	been disagreed to) for a motion to proceed
8	to the consideration of the joint resolution
9	to be made, and all points of order against
10	the joint resolution (and against consider-
11	ation of the joint resolution) are waived.
12	The motion to proceed is subject to 4
13	hours of debate divided equally between
14	those favoring and those opposing the joint
15	resolution of approval. The motion is not
16	subject to amendment, or to a motion to
17	postpone, or to a motion to proceed to the
18	consideration of other business.
19	"(iii) Floor consideration.—A
20	joint resolution of approval shall be subject
21	to 10 hours of debate, to be divided evenly
22	between the proponents and opponents of
23	the resolution.
24	"(iv) Amendments.—

1	"(I) In General.—Except as
2	provided in subclause (II), no amend-
3	ments shall be in order with respect to
4	a joint resolution of approval.
5	"(II) Amendments to strike
6	OR ADD SPECIFIED PROVISIONS OF
7	LAW.—Subclause (I) shall not apply
8	with respect to any amendment to
9	strike from or add to the list required
10	by paragraph (1)(B) a provision or
11	provisions of law specified by the
12	President under section 201(b) in the
13	proclamation or Executive order.
14	"(v) MOTION TO RECONSIDER FINAL
15	VOTE.—A motion to reconsider a vote on
16	final passage of a joint resolution of ap-
17	proval shall not be in order.
18	"(vi) Appeals.—Points of order, in-
19	cluding questions of relevancy, and appeals
20	from the decision of the Presiding Officer,
21	shall be decided without debate.
22	"(E) Consideration in house of rep-
23	RESENTATIVES.—In the House of Representa-
24	tives, if any committee to which a joint resolu-
25	tion of approval has been referred has not re-

1	ported it to the House at the end of 10 cal-
2	endar days after its introduction, such com-
3	mittee shall be discharged from further consid-
4	eration of the joint resolution, and it shall be
5	placed on the appropriate calendar. On Thurs-
6	days it shall be in order at any time for the
7	Speaker to recognize a Member who favors pas-
8	sage of a joint resolution that has appeared on
9	the calendar for at least 3 calendar days to call
10	up that joint resolution for immediate consider-
11	ation in the House without intervention of any
12	point of order. When so called up a joint resolu-
13	tion shall be considered as read and shall be de-
14	batable for 1 hour equally divided and con-
15	trolled by the proponent and an opponent, and
16	the previous question shall be considered as or-
17	dered to its passage without intervening motion.
18	It shall not be in order to reconsider the vote
19	on passage. If a vote on final passage of the
20	joint resolution has not been taken on or before
21	the close of the tenth calendar day after the
22	resolution is reported by the committee or com-
23	mittees to which it was referred, or after such
24	committee or committees have been discharged

1	from further consideration of the resolution,
2	such vote shall be taken on that day.
3	"(F) RECEIPT OF RESOLUTION FROM
4	OTHER HOUSE.—If, before passing a joint reso-
5	lution of approval, one House receives from the
6	other a joint resolution of approval from the
7	other House, then—
8	"(i) the joint resolution of the other
9	House shall not be referred to a committee
10	and shall be deemed to have been dis-
11	charged from committee on the day it is
12	received; and
13	"(ii) the procedures set forth in sub-
14	paragraph (D) or (E), as applicable, shall
15	apply in the receiving House to the joint
16	resolution received from the other House
17	to the same extent as such procedures
18	apply to a joint resolution of the receiving
19	House.
20	"(G) Rule of construction.—The en-
21	actment of a joint resolution of approval under
22	this subsection shall not be interpreted to serve
23	as a grant or modification by Congress of statu-
24	tory authority for the emergency powers of the
25	President.

1	"(b) Rules of the House and Senate.—Sub-
2	section (a) is enacted by Congress—
3	"(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
4	the Senate and the House of Representatives, re-
5	spectively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules
6	of each House, respectively, but applicable only with
7	respect to the procedure to be followed in the House
8	in the case of joint resolutions of approval, and su-
9	persede other rules only to the extent that it is in-
10	consistent with such other rules; and
11	"(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
12	right of either House to change the rules (so far as
13	relating to the procedure of that House) at any time,
14	in the same manner, and to the same extent as in
15	the case of any other rule of that House.".
16	SEC. 5. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
17	Section 401 of the National Emergencies Act (50
18	U.S.C. 1641) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
19	lowing:
20	"(d) Report on Emergencies.—The President
21	shall transmit to Congress, with any proclamation declar-
22	ing a national emergency under section 201(a), or Execu-
23	tive order renewing an emergency under section 201(d)
24	or specifying emergency powers or authorities under sec-

1	tion 201(b)(2), a report, in writing, that includes the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(1) A description of the circumstances necessi-
4	tating the declaration of a national emergency, the
5	renewal of such an emergency, or the use of a new
6	emergency authority specified in the Executive
7	order, as the case may be.
8	"(2) The estimated duration of the national
9	emergency.
10	"(3) A summary of the actions the President or
11	other officers intend to take, including any re-
12	programming or transfer of funds, and the statutory
13	authorities the President and such officers expect to
14	rely on in addressing the national emergency.
15	"(4) In the case of a renewal of a national
16	emergency, a summary of the actions the President
17	or other officers have taken in the preceding one-
18	year period, including any reprogramming or trans-
19	fer of funds, to address the emergency.
20	"(e) Provision of Information to Congress.—
21	The President shall provide to Congress such other infor-
22	mation as Congress may request in connection with any
23	national emergency in effect under title II.
24	"(f) Periodic Reports on Status of Emer-
25	GENCIES.—If the President declares a national emergency

1	under section 201(a), the President shall, not less fre-
2	quently than every 180 days for the duration of the emer-
3	gency, report to Congress on the status of the emergency
4	and the actions the President or other officers have taken
5	and authorities the President and such officers have relied
6	on in addressing the emergency.".
7	SEC. 6. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
8	(a) National Emergencies Act.—Title III of the
9	National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1631) is repealed.
10	(b) International Emergency Economic Pow-
11	ERS ACT.—Section 207 of the International Emergency
12	Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1706) is amended—
13	(1) in subsection (b), by striking "if the na-
14	tional emergency" and all that follows through
15	"under this section." and inserting the following:
16	"if—
17	"(1) the national emergency is terminated pur-
18	suant to section 202(a)(2) of the National Emer-
19	gencies Act; or
20	"(2) a joint resolution of approval is not en-
21	acted as required by section 203 of that Act to ap-
22	prove—
23	"(A) the national emergency; or
24	"(B) the exercise of such authorities.": and

- 1 (2) in subsection (c)(1), by striking "paragraphs (A), (B), and (C) of section 202(a)" and inserting "section 202(b)(2)".

  4 SEC. 7. APPLICABILITY.
- 5 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 6 (b), this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall
- 7 take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 8 (b) Application to National Emergencies Pre-
- 9 VIOUSLY DECLARED.—A national emergency declared
- 10 under section 201 of the National Emergencies Act before
- 11 the date of the enactment of this Act shall be unaffected
- 12 by the amendments made by this Act, except that such
- 13 an emergency shall terminate on the date that is one year
- 14 after such date of enactment unless the emergency is re-
- 15 newed under subsection (d) of section 201, as amended
- 16 by section 2 of this Act.